

Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Orange County Department of Education



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Superintendent of Schools and County Board of Education Orange County Department of Education Costa Mesa, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Orange County Department of Education (the County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Orange County Department of Education, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 15, budgetary comparison information on pages 77 through 79, schedule of changes in the County's total OPEB liability and related ratios on page 80, schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability – MPP program on page 81, schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability on pages 82 and 83, and the schedule of County contributions on pages 84 and 85, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Orange County Department of Education's financial statements. The combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 26, 2022 on our consideration of Orange County Department of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Orange County Department of Education's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Orange County Department of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Ed Sailly LLP

January 26, 2022



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This section of the Orange County Department of Education's (the County) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2021, with comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the County using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the County from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets (including capital assets) and deferred outflows of resources of the County as well as all liabilities (including long-term liabilities) and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of the three categories of activities: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- The Governmental Funds are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The Proprietary Funds are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- The Fiduciary Funds are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Orange County Department of Education.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE PAST YEAR

For the 2020-2021 school year, COVID-19 had the biggest impact on our financial picture. As a County Office we continued to be funded based on the 2019-2020 Average Daily Attendance to help mitigate the loss of funding relating to absences due to the pandemic. County Offices are funded under the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) with funding for an Operations grant based on the total number of districts and students served in our county and the Alternative Education grant. We receive funding for school district referred students in local revenue. One of the complex calculations specific to County Office of Education and LCFF is when county property taxes increase and ADA decreases, COE's move into a category called minimum state aid. We have been considered minimum state aid for multiple years which requires us to give excess funds (from property taxes) to the County Courts which reduces their state contribution. We continue to be a County that moved into this category and it is problematic because even though we receive a Cost of Living increase, it is not realized since we do not get to keep the funds but transfer to county courts. We continue to see increases on expenditures without an offsetting increase to revenue from cost of living increases that will impact future years.

In the current fiscal year, the County School Service Fund revenue (not including transfers from other funds) increased by \$8 million. AB602 requires a transfer to Special Education of 36% of the total property tax received. Property tax increased by \$6 million which required a transfer totaling \$43.5 million to the Special Education Pass-Through Fund (SELPA). This was an increase of \$2.3 million to the SELPA and the remaining \$3.7 million remained in the County School Service Fund. The County continues to receive increases in local taxes, overall LCFF funding for 2020-21 grew by \$5 million, this included a decrease of \$162 thousand for Alternative Education programs, an increase of \$82 thousand for the College & Career Preparatory Academy charter school, and an increase for our contribution to the County Courts. Federal funding increased \$8 million or 2.9% of the County School Service Fund revenues. The increase is mostly due to an increase of \$8 million for various COVID-19 Relief funds including CARES Act (Coronavirus Aid Relief Economic Security Act), GEER (Governor's Emergency Education Relief) & ESSER I, II, III (Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief) funding, an increase of \$2.2 million in the Medi-Cal Administrative Activities program and changes in various other federal programs. Other State revenue increased \$10.6 million or 3.9% of the County School Service Fund revenues (and an increase of \$24 million or 6.2% of government-wide revenues). The increase is largely due to an increase of \$5.5 million in Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) and CARES Learning Loss Mitigation funds, an increase of \$3.7 million for K-12 Strong Workforce, an increase of \$1.7 million for Tobacco Use Prevention Education, an increase of \$900 thousand for Lottery funds, a decrease of \$1 million for Instruction Curriculum, a decrease of \$1 million for Career Technical Education Incentive Grant, a decrease of \$300 thousand for California Complete Counts Census, and other state grants and entitlements. Finally, government-wide local revenue for 2020-2021 decrease by \$15 million as a result of various decreases in interagency fees and decreases in tuition fees.

The expenditures in the County School Service Fund (not including transfers to other funds) decreased by \$2.4 million or 1% of expenditures. This includes the decrease of GASB 68 CalSTRS on behalf of the district contribution of \$104 thousand and the rate decrease of CalSTRS from 17.10% to 16.15% and CalPERS rate increase from 19.721% to 20.70%. In 2020-2021, all bargaining units received a one and one quarter percent on-going salary increase and a one-time salary increase of one-and-one-half percent. In addition, the cap to the health and welfare benefit plans was raised and the district agreed to contribute and cover the increase to

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

eliminate an increase to employee contributions for 2020-2021 for all groups. Salaries and benefits increased by \$2.7 million, which include a decrease for retirements and staff attrition and the decrease for the GASB 68 CalSTRS on behalf of the district contribution. In 2020-2021 the annual LCAP update was not required but instead it called for the Learning Continuity and Attendance Plan (LCP). This plan was to address funding stability for schools while providing information for how student learning continuity was being addressed during the COVID-19 crisis in the school year. Books, computers, and instructional materials and various other changes in services and contracts remain part of the focus in our LCAP.

Due to COVID-19, CDE held constant the 2020-2021 Average Daily Attendance at the 2019-2020 funding levels and adjusted for growth. ADA shows a slight decrease of eleven average daily attendance (ADA) due to prior year adjustments. This is one-time and will return to the regular calculation in the coming year.

As always, our focus is on providing world-class education and services to support our districts and students in Orange County. We continue to plan and design permanent facilities for the Alternative Education Program and joint-use projects for Special Schools.

Vision

Orange County students will lead the nation in college and career readiness and success.

Mission

The mission of the Orange County Department of Education (OCDE) is to ensure that all students are equipped with the competencies they need to thrive in the 21st century.

OCDE is a public education organization offering support to 27 school districts and more than 600 schools and 20,000 educators serving more than 464,000 students in Orange County.

OCDE's personnel offer support, professional development, and student programs through its divisions and departments: Administrative Services, Alternative Education, Business Services, Communications, Educational Services, Governance, Leadership, and Community Partnerships Services, Information Technology, Legal Services, and Special Education.

Values

OCDE is dedicated to the fundamental human values of respect, responsibility, integrity, and professional ethics. Our priority is service to students, schools, districts, families, and community members. We provide a safe, caring, courteous, and professional environment that fosters collaborative work and individual development for our employees. We hold ourselves and each other accountable for the highest level of performance, efficiency, resource management, and professionalism.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

Enrollment

A primary source of revenue for the County is generated by ADA of students in the County programs. The changes of ADA can have significant impact on the financial stability of the office. Due to COVID-19, the County operated student programs ADA was held constant at the 2019-2020 funding levels and adjusted for growth, which shows no change from last year. This is one-time and will return to the regular calculation in the coming year.

Solvency

The County is required to maintain a two percent Reserve for Economic Uncertainties and strives to meet a budgetary reserve of three percent. In 2020-2021, we met our goal with a minimum three percent Reserve for Economic Uncertainties.

REPORTING THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the County as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the County using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the County's *net position* and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, one way to measure the County's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the County's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the County's *operating results*. Since the County's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the *overall health* of the County. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we present the County activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - All of the County's services are reported in this category. This includes services to preschool through grade twelve students, the operation of child development activities, the coordination of educational programs among school districts within Orange County, and the ongoing effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income and sales taxes, user fees, interest income, as well as Federal, State and local grants, finance these activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2021

REPORTING THE COUNTY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the County as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives.

Governmental Funds - The County's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial* assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary Funds – When the County charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the County, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position*. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds – the County does not use enterprise funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the County's other programs and activities, such as the County's Internal Service Fund. The internal service fund are reported with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

THE COUNTY AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the County's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The County is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for funds held on behalf of others, such as funds for payroll withholding accounts. The County's fiduciary activities are reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and *the Statement of Changes in Net Position*. These activities are excluded from the County's other financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The County's net position was \$259,597,436 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Of this amount, \$89,379,603 was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants, grantors, constitutional provisions, and is enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use the net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the County's governmental activities.

	Governmental Activities		
	2021	2020	
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 420,829,190	\$ 355,550,957	
Capital assets	101,319,948	90,984,038	
Total assets	522,149,138	446,534,995	
Deferred outflows of resources	38,185,168	43,391,677	
Linkiliainn			
Liabilities Current liabilities	59,821,219	45,752,835	
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and Pension	13,770,157	15,597,231	
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	3,942,363	3,910,547	
Aggregate net pension liability	202,322,394	194,736,975	
Total liabilities	279,856,133	259,997,588	
Deferred inflows of resources	20,880,737	24,426,235	
Net Position			
Investment in capital assets	91,670,948	80,271,038	
Restricted	78,546,885	67,737,781	
Unrestricted	89,379,603	57,494,030	
Total net position	\$ 259,597,436	\$ 205,502,849	

The \$259,597,436 in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the *accumulated* results of all past years' operations.

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the County as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 17. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

	Governmen	tal Activities
	2021	2020
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 40,272,746	\$ 49,598,479
Operating grants and contributions	100,075,379	78,147,030
Capital grants and contributions	11,095,943	35,539
General revenues		
Federal and State aid not restricted	59,934,810	52,765,522
Property taxes	125,221,970	118,829,589
Other general revenues	50,989,750_	60,709,119
	·	
Total revenues	387,590,598	360,085,278
Expenses		
Instruction-related	191,927,940	193,864,941
Pupil services	18,309,656	20,673,249
Administration	32,778,621	31,382,846
Plant services	14,197,429	13,423,214
All other services	76,282,365	69,749,714
	,,	
Total expenses	333,496,011	329,093,964
•		
Change in net position	\$ 54,094,587	\$ 30,991,314

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 17, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$333,496,011. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$125,221,970 because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$40,272,746) or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$111,171,322). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$110,924,560 in unrestricted Federal and State funds and with other revenues, such as interest and general entitlements.

In Table 3, we have presented the cost of each of the County's largest functions which are instruction and instruction-related activities, pupil services, administration, plant services, and all other services. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the County's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost o	of Services
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Instruction-related	\$ 191,927,940	\$ 193,864,941	\$ (80,702,283)	\$ (105,751,187)
Pupil services	18,309,656	20,673,249	(12,851,137)	(14,714,992)
Administration	32,778,621	31,382,846	(24,594,986)	(23,645,925)
Plant services	14,197,429	13,423,214	(13,304,154)	(12,775,140)
All other services	76,282,365	69,749,714	(50,599,383)	(44,425,672)
Total	\$ 333,496,011	\$ 329,093,964	\$ (182,051,943)	\$ (201,312,916)

THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As the County completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$354,419,267, which is an increase of \$50,626,385, or 16.7% from last year (Table 4).

Table 4

	Balances and Activities						
	June 30, 2020	Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	June 30, 2021			
County School Service Fund Special Education	\$ 258,312,938	\$ 275,452,323	\$ 227,908,158	\$ 305,857,103			
Pass-Through Fund	9,116,324	47,947,536	47,712,081	9,351,779			
Child Development Fund	-	49,191,510	48,959,383	232,127			
Deferred Maintenance Fund	30,198,727	2,286,330	1,651,908	30,833,149			
County School Facilities Fund Special Reserve Fund for	2,320,244	11,107,182	8,871,512	4,555,914			
Capital Outlay Projects	2,534,327	2,139,923	2,343,076	2,331,174			
Debt Service Fund	1,310,322	1,323,993	1,376,294	1,258,021			
Total	\$ 303,792,882	\$ 389,448,797	\$ 338,822,412	\$ 354,419,267			

The County School Service Fund is our principal operating fund. The fund balance in the County School Service Fund increased to \$305 million, this includes a \$13 million increase for one-time COVID-19 response relief funds to address and mitigate the students learning loss and negative effects of the pandemic, \$5 million increase in the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) from an increase in Property Tax and due to the districts minimum state aid status \$4 million will be transferred to the County Courts reducing the state's obligation to the courts, \$2.2 million increase for Medical Administrative Activities, \$374 thousand increase for Every Student Succeed Act, School Improvement programs, \$9 million decrease for K-12 Strong Workforce, \$1.4 million decrease for Title I programs, \$120 thousand decrease for California Quality Counts, and staff reductions.

County School Service Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the County revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on March 15,2021. (Schedules showing the County's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received are provided in our annual report beginning on page 77).

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2021, the County had \$101,319,948 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, and furniture and equipment, net of depreciation. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$10,335,910, or 11.4%, from last year (Table 5).

Table 5

	Governmental Activities		
	2021	2020	
Land and construction in process Buildings and improvements	\$ 39,339,973 54,154,304	\$ 32,322,534 52,568,168	
Furniture and equipment	7,825,671	6,093,336	
Total	\$ 101,319,948	\$ 90,984,038	

The \$10 million increase in capital assets was the result of an increase of \$2 million in capital purchases, an increase of \$7 million of capital asset acquisitions, and an increase of \$1.7 million in equipment and related accumulated depreciation.

We present more detailed information about our capital assets in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities other than Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) and Pension

At the year-end, the County had \$13,770,157 in long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pension versus \$15,597,231 last year, a decrease of \$1,827,074, or 11.7%. Those liabilities consisted of:

Table 6

	Governmental Activities			
	2021	2020		
Certificates of participation (net of discount) Supplemental early retirement plan Compensated absences	\$ 9,649,000 1,466,571 2,654,586	\$ 10,713,000 2,933,142 1,951,089		
Total	\$ 13,770,157	\$ 15,597,231		

We present more detailed information regarding our long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pension in Note 8 of the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

OPEB and Pension Liabilities

At year-end, the County had \$3,942,363 in net OPEB liability versus \$3,910,547 last year, an increase of \$31,816, or 0.8%.

We present more detailed information regarding our net OPEB liability in Note 9 of the financial statements.

At the year-end, the County had \$202,322,394 in aggregate net pension liability versus \$194,736,975 last year, an increase of \$7,585,419, or 3.9%.

We present more detailed information regarding our aggregate net pension liability in Note 13 of the financial statements

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

As a COE, we have reached our funding target and because the increase in property taxes above the statewide averages and the declining enrollment changes, we maintain the status of minimum state aid guarantee. Under the minimum state aid guarantee, we will not receive any new LCFF funding from either growth in attendance or cost of living increases. Future growth in funding will be limited until the Average Daily Attendance (ADA) significantly increases, or changes occur in targeted sub-group populations, and/or property taxes decline. As a COE, our declining ADA has a negative impact on current year funding for various programs.

Operational costs continue to increase, and we continue to be concerned about unfunded and mandated activities. Although the State provided some relief to the districts for the CalSTRS liability, the CalSTRS and CalPERS rates are scheduled to show significant increases annually. The cost for health and welfare benefits continues to be an area with rising costs. We collaborate with our broker and Health Benefits Committee to ensure we are able to continue providing quality health care for all employees. We have negotiated a cap on medical benefits and increases to the cap are part of our total compensation calculation for negotiations. We are also budgeting for one-time expenditures in this current year from funding received in prior years. We will continue to adjust our budget revenue and expenditure projections as we receive more clarity on attendance, legislative changes, the State budget, and the current economy.

Items specifically addressed in the budget are as follows:

2020-2021 is the eighth year of our Local Control Accountability Plan (LCAP) and the need to address increased and improved services to our students continues to be our focus. We have seen great progress and look forward to successfully continue providing: (1) Counselors, Teachers on Special Assignments, and Academic Support Assistants that are providing a greater level of support to students and staff through individualized interactions, direct services, and the sharing of best practices, (2) continue providing more opportunities for parents and guardians to increase family engagement in their students educational experience, (3) to fully complete the upgrade of the bandwidth and site connectivity that has increased the number of devices for student usage and provided offsite internet connection to students, and greater collaboration between the Special Education and

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

Alternative Education divisions. We continue to receive students in our program with more significant attendance, academic, behavioral, and emotional needs that impact attendance rates negatively. Our plan is to address these needs by conducting student intervention meetings, utilizing the support of the District Attorney, and the Student Attendance Board. In addition, we will continue to expand opportunities for career technical activities to better engage students in their learning. As we prepare and revise our Budget Reports, our ADA continues to project a decline. The district will continue to evaluate vacancies and anticipate not replacing most positions not related to Special Education. We continue to monitor ADA and to establish better control over staffing ratios at each site.

The LCFF changed how students are recorded and COEs are funded directly from the state for students that reside in Juvenile Hall, are probation referred, or expelled. Probation and the County of Orange continue to implement alternatives to incarceration programs which have a significant impact on our Juvenile Court population. Because of the changes in the LCFF funding model, students referred by school districts are credited to the district of residence and then CDE transfers the funding back to the COE who provides the services. This has created a more favorable impact on our districts cash flow. We will continue to monitor our expenditures and will concentrate on evaluating our multi-year projections to ensure that we have fiscal stability for future years.

Legislation passed by the State of California in recent years has increased the oversight responsibilities for COEs. COEs are required to review and give technical assistance for school districts with their LCAPs. In addition to approving the LCAP, the County is required to ensure that the district's budget is aligned with the services required in their plan. Financial oversight continues to be a significant issue, as every school district will have different funding under LCFF, and they have to address the needs in their LCAPs. Due to COVID-19, the State of California received a federal waiver from the Every Student Succeed Act (ESSA) assessment and accountability requirements which waived the 2020-2021 dashboard. This action did not identify additional school districts or released any from the list. Assistance and support will continue for the school districts previously identified in the second dashboard released in 2018-2019 by the California Department of Education (CDE). The dashboard identified Orange County districts in need of intervention and continuous improvement. We will continue to provide technical assistance for instructional programs and have increased the staffing support and expertise to assist the districts as needed. We have successfully completed the twelve round of school inspections for the Williams Settlement. The Williams Settlement required visits to over 86 schools within Orange County that were in deciles one through three in Academic Performance Index (API) scores. With the new legislative requirements and the continued focus on the Every Student Succeeds (formerly No Child Left Behind) Act, all facets of our office will be focused on aiding our school districts to meet all State and Federal requirements.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and teachers with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Renee Hendrick, Associate Superintendent of Administrative Services, at the Orange County Department of Education, 200 Kalmus Drive, Costa Mesa, California, 92626, or e-email at rhendrick@ocde.us.

	Governmental Activities
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Capital assets not depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 349,506,159 71,323,031 39,339,973 61,979,975
Total assets	522,149,138
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	127,537 38,057,631
Total deferred outflows of resources	38,185,168
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue Claims liability Long-term liabilities Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and	50,993,924 22,992 8,574,129 230,174
pensions due within one year Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due in more than one year Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability Aggregate net pension liability	2,566,571 11,203,586 3,942,363 202,322,394
Total liabilities	279,856,133
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	191,444 20,689,293
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	20,880,737
Net Position Investment in capital assets Restricted for	91,670,948
Debt service Capital projects Educational programs Other activities Unrestricted	1,233,737 6,873,276 54,268,353 16,171,519 89,379,603
Total net position	\$ 259,597,436

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Program	ı Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction	\$ 110,758,213	\$ 11,381,612	\$ 51,359,024	\$ 11,095,943	\$ (36,921,634)
Instruction-related activities					()
Supervision of instruction	68,172,426	6,624,217	28,936,237	-	(32,611,972)
Instructional library, media, and technology	1 106 103	7	12 507		(1.002.400)
School site administration	1,106,103 11,891,198	1,252,342	13,597 562,678	-	(1,092,499) (10,076,178)
Pupil services	11,091,190	1,232,342	302,076	-	(10,070,178)
Home-to-school transportation	4,115,642	_	_	_	(4,115,642)
Food services	998,061	-	175,275	-	(822,786)
All other pupil services	13,195,953	3,089,691	2,193,553	-	(7,912,709)
Administration					
Data processing	10,794,622	-	2,944	-	(10,791,678)
All other administration	21,983,999	2,102,070	6,078,621	-	(13,803,308)
Plant services	14,197,429	607,396	285,879	-	(13,304,154)
Interest on long-term liabilities	309,761		-	-	(309,761)
Other outgo	75,972,604	15,215,411	10,467,571		(50,289,622)
Total governmental					
activities	\$ 333,496,011	\$ 40,272,746	\$ 100,075,379	\$ 11,095,943	(182,051,943)
activities	\$ 333,430,011	3 40,272,740	J 100,073,379	3 11,033,343	(182,031,343)
General Revenues and Subventions					
Property taxes, levied for general purpos	es				121,521,802
Taxes levied for other specific purposes					3,700,168
Federal and State aid not restricted to sp	ecific purposes				59,934,810
Interest and investment earnings					3,222,665
Interagency revenues					8,058,376
Miscellaneous					39,708,709
Subtotal, general revenues	and subventions				236,146,530
Change in Net Position					54,094,587
Net Position - Beginning					205,502,849
Net Position - Ending					\$ 259,597,436

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	County School Service Fund	•	cial Education ass-Through Fund	D	Child evelopment Fund	Non-Major overnmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Due from other funds	\$ 291,404,750 48,987,101 3,756,752	\$	8,123,981 9,365,658 366,700	\$	3,873,529 12,698,238 1,528,214	\$ 39,178,210 268,916 980,735	\$ 342,580,470 71,319,913 6,632,401
Total assets	\$ 344,148,603	\$	17,856,339	\$	18,099,981	\$ 40,427,861	\$ 420,532,784
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 26,936,904 2,875,649 8,478,947	\$	8,106,905 397,655 -	\$	14,413,575 3,359,097 95,182	\$ 1,449,603 - -	\$ 50,906,987 6,632,401 8,574,129
Total liabilities	38,291,500		8,504,560		17,867,854	 1,449,603	66,113,517
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	70,000 54,268,353 - 110,734,532 140,784,218		9,335,464 - 16,315 -		- 224,359 - 7,768 -	8,130,005 30,773,191 75,062	70,000 71,958,181 30,773,191 110,833,677 140,784,218
Total fund balances	305,857,103		9,351,779		232,127	38,978,258	354,419,267
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 344,148,603	\$	17,856,339	\$	18,099,981	\$ 40,427,861	\$ 420,532,784

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 354,419,267
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	\$ 152,752,384 (51,432,436)	
Net capital assets		101,319,948
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.		(22,992)
An internal service fund is used by the County's management to charge the costs of the dental care program to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental activities.		6,611,696
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability Aggregate net pension liability	127,537 38,057,631	
Total deferred outflows of resources		38,185,168
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability Aggregate net pension liability	(191,444) (20,689,293)	
Total deferred inflows of resources		(20,880,737)
Aggregate net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(202,322,394)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

The District's net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		\$ (3,942,363)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of Certificates of participation Unamortized discount Supplemental early retirement plan Compensated absences	\$ (9,715,000) 66,000 (1,466,571) (2,654,586)	
Total long-term liabilities		 (13,770,157)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 259,597,436

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	County School Service Fund	Special Education Pass-Through Fund	Child Development Fund
Revenues Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ 110,569,734 18,346,850 26,094,586 120,441,153	\$ 37,483,344 7,632,954 2,753,059 78,179	\$ - 28,816,277 18,331,245 1,410,817
Total revenues	275,452,323	47,947,536	48,558,339
Expenditures Current Instruction Instruction-related activities	65,565,662	-	37,656,008
Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media, and technology School site administration Pupil services	60,840,337 1,027,050 10,996,798	- -	7,172,500 - -
Home-to-school transportation Food services All other pupil services Administration	4,102,603 949,326 12,278,357	- - -	- - -
Data processing All other administration Plant services Other outgo Facility acquisition and construction	10,908,536 17,951,751 13,355,311 28,260,523 57,998	- - - 47,712,081 -	4,077,574 53,301 - -
Debt Service Principal Interest and other	- -		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	226,294,252	47,712,081	48,959,383
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	49,158,071	235,455	(401,044)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out	- (1,613,906)		633,171
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,613,906)		633,171
Net Change in Fund Balances	47,544,165	235,455	232,127
Fund Balances - Beginning	258,312,938	9,116,324	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 305,857,103	\$ 9,351,779	\$ 232,127

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Non-Major Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues			
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 1,022,520	\$ 149,075,598	
Federal sources	-	54,796,081	
Other State sources	11,033,938	58,212,828	
Other local sources	2,502,246	124,432,395	
Total revenues	14,558,704	386,516,902	
Expenditures			
Current			
Instruction	-	103,221,670	
Instruction-related activities			
Supervision of instruction	-	68,012,837	
Instructional library, media, and technology	-	1,027,050	
School site administration	-	10,996,798	
Pupil services			
Home-to-school transportation	-	4,102,603	
Food services	-	949,326	
All other pupil services	-	12,278,357	
Administration			
Data processing	-	10,908,536	
All other administration	-	22,029,325	
Plant services	646,858	14,055,470	
Other outgo	-	75,972,604	
Facility acquisition and construction	10,901,649	10,959,647	
Debt Service			
Principal	1,070,000	1,070,000	
Interest and other	306,294	306,294	
Total expenditures	12,924,801	335,890,517	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	1,633,903	50,626,385	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	2,298,724	2,931,895	
Transfers out	(1,317,989)	(2,931,895)	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	980,735		
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,614,638	50,626,385	
Fund Balances - Beginning	36,363,620	303,792,882	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 38,978,258	\$ 354,419,267	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental

Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 50,626,385

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the period.

Capital outlay
Depreciation expense

\$ 13,745,455 (3,409,545)

Net expense adjustment

10,335,910

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations) and special termination benefits (supplemental early retirement plan) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Vacation used was less than the amounts earned by \$703,497. Special termination benefits added was less than the amount paid by \$1,466,571.

763,074

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and aggregate net pension liability during the year.

(9,261,587)

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of the changes in the net OPEB liability during the year.

(16,659)

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities

Certificates of participation

1,070,000

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental

Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Under the modified basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment combines the net changes of the following balances

Amortization of debt discount

\$ (6,000)

Interest on long-term liabilities in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The additional interest reported in the Statement of Activities is the result of the decrease in accrued interest on the certificates of participation by \$2,533.

2,533

An internal service fund is used by the County's management to charge the costs of the dental care program to the individual funds. The net revenue of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.

580,931

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 54,094,587

Orange County Department of Education Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund Self-Insurance Fund
Assets	
Current Assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 6,925,689
Receivables	3,118
Total current assets	6,928,807
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	86,937
Claim liability	230,174
Total current liabilities	317,111
Total current habilities	317,111
Net Position	
Restricted	\$ 6,611,696

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund Self-Insurance Fund
Operating Revenues Local and intermediate sources	\$ 1,904,370
Operating Expenses Claims payments Other operating cost	1,286,161 84,339
Total operating expenses	1,370,500
Operating income	533,870
Nonoperating Revenues Interest income	47,061
Change in Net Position	580,931
Total Net Position - Beginning	6,030,765
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 6,611,696

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	S	overnmental Activities - Internal ervice Fund If-Insurance Fund
Operating Activities		
Cash receipts from customers Cash payments to other suppliers of goods or services Other operating cash payments	\$	1,906,930 (1,296,354) (84,339)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		526,237
Investing Activities Interest on investments		47,061
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		573,298
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		6,352,391
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	6,925,689
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Operating income Changes in assets and liabilities	\$	533,870
Receivables		2,560
Accounts payable Claim liability		9,629 (19,822)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	526,237

Orange County Department of Education Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds
Assets Investments	\$ 35,415,155
Liabilities Due to other governments	\$ 35,486,422

Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds
Additions Funds collected for others	\$ 9,134,365,766
Investment income Total additions	9,134,437,033
Deductions Funds distributed to others	9,134,437,033
Change in Net Position	
Net Position - Beginning	
Net Position - Ending	\$ -

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The Orange County Department of Education (the "County") operates under the laws of the State of California. The County operates under a locally elected five-member board form of government and provides coordination of educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The County provides professional and administrative assistance to 13 elementary school districts, three high school districts, 12 unified school districts, four community college districts, three regional occupational programs, and 35 charter schools, within Orange County.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the County consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For Orange County Department of Education, this includes general operations of the County.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the County, in that the County approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the County is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the County is such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component unit discussed below has a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements For Certain Component Units*, and thus is included in the financial statements of the County. The component unit, although a legally separate entity, is reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if it were part of the County's operations because the governing board of the component unit is essentially the same as the governing board of the County and because its purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the County.

The Orange County Department of Education Facilities Corporation (the Corporation) is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of California and recorded by the Secretary of State. The Corporation was formed for the sole purpose of providing financial assistance to the County by acquiring, constructing, financing, selling, and leasing public facilities, land, personal property, and equipment for the use and benefit of the County. The County leases certain facilities from the corporation under various lease-purchase agreements recorded in long-term liabilities.

The Corporation's financial activity is presented in the financial statements as the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects. Certificates of participation bonds issued by the Corporation are included as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Individually-prepared financial statements are not prepared for the Corporation.

Other Related Entities

Charter School The County has approved Samueli Academy, Vista Heritage Global Academy, Citrus Springs Charter, Ednovate – Legacy College Prep., Orange County Academy of Sciences and Arts, Scholarship Prep – Orange County, Orange County Workforce Innovation High, EPIC Charter, Oxford Preparatory Academy, Unity Middle College High, Vista Condor Global Academy, Tomorrow's Leadership Collaborative (TLC) Charter, Suncoast Preparatory Academy, Sycamore Creek Community Charter, International School for Science and Culture, Irvine International Academy, OCSA, and College and Career Preparatory Academy pursuant to Education Code Section 47605. The Samueli Academy, Vista Heritage Global Academy, Citrus Springs Charter, Ednovate – Legacy College Prep., Orange County Academy of Sciences and Arts, Scholarship Prep - Orange County, Orange County Workforce Innovation High, EPIC Charter, Oxford Preparatory Academy, Unity Middle College High, Vista Condor Global Academy, Tomorrow's Leadership Collaborative (TLC) Charter, Suncoast Preparatory Academy, Sycamore Creek Community Charter, International School for Science and Culture, Irvine International Academy, and OCSA are direct-funded and are not considered component units of the County. The Charter Schools are independent of the County, but subject to periodic charter renewal by the County. The College and Career Preparatory Academy is operated by the County, and its financial activity is presented in the County School Service Fund.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The County's funds are grouped into three broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

County School Service Fund The County School Service Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The County School Service Fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of California.

One fund currently defined as a special revenue fund in the California School Accounting Manual (CSAM) does not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, is not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While this fund is authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, this fund functions effectively as an extension of the County School Service Fund, and accordingly has been combined with the County School Service Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

As a result, the County School Service Fund reflects an increase of \$26,136,289 in fund balance, and an increase in revenue of \$251,631.

Special Education Pass-Through Fund The Special Education Pass-Through Fund is used by the Administrative Unit of a multi-district Special Education Local Plan Area (SELPA) to account for Special Education revenue passed through to other member districts.

Child Development Fund The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.

Non-Major Governmental Fund

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

• **Deferred Maintenance Fund** The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for revenues that are restricted or committed for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Section 17582).

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

- County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to Education
 Code Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund
 (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities
 Fund (Proposition 55), the 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D), or the 2016 State School
 Facilities Fund (Proposition 51) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility
 construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene
 School Facilities Act of 1998 (Education Code Section 17070 et seq.).
- Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of County School Service Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (Education Code Section 42840).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

• **Debt Service Fund** The Debt Service Fund is used for the accumulation of resources for and the retirement of principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary Funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the local education agency, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting and are classified as enterprise or internal service. The County has the following proprietary funds:

• Internal Service Fund Internal Service Funds may be used to account for goods or services provided to other funds of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County operates a dental self-insurance fund that is accounted for in an internal service fund.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County and are not available to support the County's own programs. Fiduciary funds are split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. The three types of trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangement that has certain characteristics.

The County's custodial funds are used to account for resources, not in a trust, that are held by the County for other parties outside the County's reporting entity. The County's custodial fund accounts for payroll revolving activity, vendor revolving activity, and pass-thru funds to the districts within the County, including Federal and State apportionments and charter school activity.

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide financial statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each governmental program and excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the internal service fund, and the restrictions on their net asset use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the County. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

- Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources
 measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the
 operation of this fund are included in the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net
 position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash
 flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its
 proprietary fund.
- **Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the County.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the County before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in the county investment pool are determined by the program sponsor.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the County. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The County does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide financial statement of net position. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The compensated absence liability will be paid by the County School Service Fund and Child Development Fund.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the County's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full, from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums, and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County reports deferred outflows of resources for pension related items and for OPEB related items. The deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB relate to contributions subsequent to measurement date, differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, differences between expected and actual experiences in the measurement of total pension liability, and changes of assumptions.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items and for OPEB related items. The deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB relate to differences between contributions and the County's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experiences in the measurement of the OPEB liability, change in proportion and differences between contributions made and the County's proportionate share of contributions, and differences between expected and actual experiences in the measurement of total pension liability.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS), the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS, CalPERS, and OCERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the MPP. For this purpose, the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the County School Service Fund.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2021, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County Superintendent of Schools. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the County Superintendent of Schools.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the County's adopted policy, only the governing board or associate superintendent of administrative services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

It has been the practice of the governing board to adopt a budget and also to ensure throughout the year that interim budget reports are built reflecting a minimum fund balance for the County School Service Fund which is sufficient to protect the Country against revenue shortfalls, unexpected expenditures, and to meet the cash-flow needs of the office, recognizing the impact of state deferrals and the practice of advancing cash to programs that begin before funding is received. This practice of reserving for economic uncertainties necessitates starting with the State's recommended minimum reserve of three percent and adding to its sufficient unassigned reserves to meet the unique cash needs of the County.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The County has no related debt outstanding as of June 30, 2021. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The County first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$78,546,885 of restricted net position.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are charges to other funds for self-insurance. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 11 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Orange bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the County. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Change in Accounting Principles

As of July 1, 2020, the County adopted GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. The objective of this Statement is to improve the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Greater consistency and comparability enhance the value provided by the information reported in financial statements for assessing government accountability and stewardship. The impact to the County resulted in a reclassification of the County's fiduciary activity from an agency fund to a custodial fund and required the County to include the Statement of Changes in Net Position.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for the reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Early implementation is encouraged. The effects of this change on the County's financial statements have not yet been determined.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities Fiduciary funds	\$ 349,506,159 35,415,155
Total deposits and investments	\$ 384,921,314
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2021, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving Investments	\$ 215,106 70,000 384,636,208
Total deposits and investments	\$ 384,921,314

Policies and Practices

The County is authorized under California *Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The County is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the County is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the County's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the County's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The County manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the Orange County Treasury Investment Pool. The County maintains an investment of \$384,345,424 with the Orange County Treasury Investment Pool. This investment has an average weighted maturity of 375 days. In addition, the County maintains an investment of \$1,800,233 with US Bank Money Market Account.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investment with the Orange County Treasury Investment Pool and US Bank Money Market Account are not required to be rated nor have they been rated.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California *Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2021, the County had no bank balances that were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 3 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	County School Service Fund	Special Education Pass-Through Fund	Child Development Fund		
Federal Government Categorical aid State Government	\$ 3,711,940	\$ 7,473,717	\$ 11,292,280		
LCFF apportionment Categorical aid Lottery Special education	20,248,883 2,282,966 446,387 9,302,845	- - - 1,333,651	1,398,047 - -		
Local Government Interest Special education -	138,596	-	-		
SELPA Educational agencies Other Local Sources	2,252,617 8,085,535 2,517,332	558,290 	7,911		
Total	\$ 48,987,101	\$ 9,365,658	\$ 12,698,238		
	Non-Major Governmental Fund	Internal Service Fund	Total Governmental Activities		
Federal Government Categorical aid State Government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,477,937		
LCFF apportionment Categorical aid Lottery	- - -	- - -	20,248,883 3,681,013 446,387		
Special education Local Government Interest Special education -	- 17,693	- 3,118	10,636,496 159,407		
SELPA Educational agencies Other Local Sources	- - 251,223	- - -	2,252,617 8,643,825 2,776,466		
Total	\$ 268,916	\$ 3,118	\$ 71,323,031		

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020 Additions		Deductions		Jı	Balance une 30, 2021	
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$ 28,6	41,315	\$ -	\$	-	\$	28,641,315
Construction in process	3,6	81,219	 10,785,820		(3,768,381)		10,698,658
Total capital assets not being depreciated	ວາ ລ	22,534	10,785,820		(3,768,381)		39,339,973
not being depreciated	32,3	22,334	 10,763,620		(3,700,361)		33,333,373
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements	4,5	11,925	-		-		4,511,925
Buildings and improvements	84,2	86,825	3,774,557		-		88,061,382
Furniture and equipment	18,1	55,640	 2,953,459		(269,995)		20,839,104
Total capital assets							
Total capital assets being depreciated	106.0	54,390	6,728,016		(269,995)		113,412,411
being depreciated	100,3	34,330	0,728,010		(203,333)		113,412,411
Total capital assets	139,2	76,924	17,513,836		(4,038,376)		152,752,384
Less accumulated depreciation							
Land improvements	(3,5	35,262)	(185,771)		-		(3,721,033)
Buildings and improvements	(32,6	95,320)	(2,002,650)		-		(34,697,970)
Furniture and equipment	(12,0	62,304)	(1,221,124)		269,995		(13,013,433)
Total accumulated							
depreciation	(48,2	92,886)	(3,409,545)		269,995		(51,432,436)
Governmental activities							
capital assets, net	\$ 90,9	84,038	\$ 14,104,291	\$	(3,768,381)	\$	101,319,948

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

Instruction Data processing All other general administration	\$ 170,477 170,477 3,068,591
Total depreciation expenses governmental activities	\$ 3,409,545

Note 5 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2021, between major and non-major governmental funds are as follows:

	Due From					
	County School	Special Education	Child			
	Service	Pass-Through	Development			
Due To	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Total		
County School Service Fund	\$ -	\$ 397,655	\$ 3,359,097	\$ 3,756,752		
Special Education Pass-Through Fund	366,700	-	-	366,700		
Child Development Fund	1,528,214	-	-	1,528,214		
Non-Major Governmental Funds	980,735			980,735		
Total	\$ 2,875,649	\$ 397,655	\$ 3,359,097	\$ 6,632,401		

The balance of \$397,655 is due to the County School Service Fund from the Special Education Pass-Through Fund for the special education allocation.

The balance of \$3,559,097 is due to the County School Service Fund from the Child Development Fund for indirect costs and reimbursement of operating costs.

The balance of \$366,700 is due to the Special Education Pass-Through Fund from the County School Service Fund for SELPA funding.

The balance of \$1,528,214 is due to the Child Development Fund from the County School Service Fund for operating costs.

The balance of \$980,735 is due the Deferred Maintenance Non-Major Governmental Fund from the County School Service Fund for future deferred maintenance projects.

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	Transfer From					
	County School Non-Maj					
Transfer To	Service Governmental Fund Fund			Total		
Child Development Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$ 633,171 980,735	\$ - 1,317,989	\$	633,171 2,298,724		
Total	\$ 1,613,906	\$ 1,317,989	\$	2,931,895		
The County School Service Fund transferred to the Ch costs of programs.	\$	633,171				
The County School Service Fund transferred to the De Governmental Fund for future deferred maintenance	e Non-Major		980,735			
The Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for the Debt Service Non-Major Governmental Fund for contification of participation.		1 217 000				
certificates of participation.				1,317,989		
Total			\$	2,931,895		

Inter-fund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the County School Service Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 6 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	County School Service Fund	Special Education Pass-Through Fund	Child Development Fund \$ 447,337 - - 256,430 3,969,782 - 9,737,169 2,857	
Salaries and benefits LCFF apportionment Excess property tax Supplies Services Construction Local educational agencies Other	\$ 10,615,151 45,472 4,326,559 1,540,359 4,246,186 20,882 4,864,123 916,121	\$ - - - - - 8,106,905 -		
Total	\$ 26,574,853	\$ 8,106,905	\$ 14,413,575	
	Non-Major Governmental Fund	Internal Service Fund	Total Governmental Activities	
Salaries and benefits LCFF apportionment Excess property tax Supplies Services Construction Local educational agencies Other	\$ - - - 110,105 1,059,595 - 279,903	\$ - - - 86,937 - -	\$ 11,062,488 45,472 4,326,559 1,796,789 8,413,010 1,080,477 22,708,197 1,198,881	
Total	\$ 1,449,603	\$ 86,937	\$ 50,631,873	

Note 7 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2021, consists of the following:

	County School Service Fund			Child elopment Fund	 Total Governmental Activities		
Federal financial assistance State categorical aid Other local	\$	1,924,854 6,341,067 213,026	\$	95,182 - -	\$ 2,020,036 6,341,067 213,026		
Total	\$	8,478,947	\$	95,182	\$ 8,574,129		

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

The changes in the County's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	<u>J</u>	Balance July 1, 2020	 Additions	 Deductions	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2021	Due in One Year
Certificates of participation Unamortized discount	\$	10,785,000 (72,000)	\$ -	\$ (1,070,000) 6,000	\$	9,715,000 (66,000)	\$ 1,100,000
Supplemental early retirement plan Compensated absences		2,933,142 1,951,089	- 703,497	 (1,466,571)		1,466,571 2,654,586	1,466,571 -
Total	\$	15,597,231	\$ 703,497	\$ (2,530,571)	\$	13,770,157	\$ 2,566,571

The certificates of participation are liquidated by the Debt Service Fund. Payments for the supplemental early retirement plan are made by the County School Service Fund. The compensated absences are paid by the County School Service Fund and the Child Development Fund.

Certificates of Participation (Private Placement)

In June 2002, the Orange County Department of Education Facilities Corporation issued Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$20,000,000 with weekly variable interest rates. In February 2012, the Certificates of Participation were restricted. As of June 30, 2021, the principal balance outstanding was \$9,715,000 and unamortized discount on issuance was \$66,000.

The certificates mature through 2029 as follows:

Year EndingJune 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2022	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 275,906	\$ 1,375,906	
2023	1,130,000	244,666	1,374,666	
2024	1,160,000	212,574	1,372,574	
2025	1,195,000	179,630	1,374,630	
2026	1,230,000	145,692	1,375,692	
2027-2029	3,900,000	223,508	4,123,508	
Total	\$ 9,715,000	\$ 1,281,976	\$ 10,996,976	

Supplemental Early Retirement Plan (SERP)

During the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the County adopted the supplemental early retirement plan whereby certain eligible certificated employees are provided an annuity to supplement the retirement benefits they are entitled to through the California State Teachers' Retirement System. The annuities offered to the employees are to be paid over a five-year period.

Future annuity payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount
2022	•	\$ 1,466,571

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences (unpaid employee vacation) for the County at June 30, 2021 amounted to \$2,654,586.

Note 9 - Net Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County reported net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	OPEB Outflows Liability of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources			OPEB Expense		
County Plan Medicare Premium Payment	\$ 3,378,650	\$	127,537	\$	191,444		\$	274,811
(MPP) Program	563,713		<u>-</u>			-		34,655
Total	\$ 3,942,363	\$	127,537	\$	191,444		\$	309,466

The details of each plan are as follows:

County Plan

Plan Administration

The County's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Plan Membership

As of June 30, 2020, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments
Active employees

51 994

1,045

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The County's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

The benefit payment requirements of the Plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the County, the Orange County Schools Educators Association (OCSEA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The benefits payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as determined annually through the agreements with the County, OCSEA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups. For the measurement period of June 30, 2021, the County paid \$292,807 in benefits.

Total OPEB Liability of the County

The County's total OPEB liability of \$3,378,650 was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2021. The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	2.75%
Discount rate	2.16% for 2021

Healthcare cost trend rates 4.00%

The discount rate was based on an index of 20-year General Obligation municipal bonds rated AA or higher.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	3,381,489
Service cost Interest Changes of assumptions Benefit payments		207,457 73,454 9,057 (292,807)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(2,839)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	3,378,650

Change of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.20% in 2020 to 2.16% to 2021.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	 Total OPEB Liability		
1% decrease (1.16%)	\$ 3,568,931		
Current discount rate (2.16%) 1% increase (3.16%)	3,378,650 3,190,286		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Т	otal OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.00%) Current healthcare cost trend rate (4.00%) 1% increase (5.00%)	\$	3,028,537 3,378,650 3,784,558

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$274,811. At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability Changes of assumptions	\$ - 127,537	\$ 191,444 	
Total	\$ 127,537	\$ 191,444	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resourced related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outflo	Deferred Dws/(Inflows) Resources
2022 2022 2024	\$	(6,100) (6,100) (6,100)
2025 2026		(6,100) (6,100)
Thereafter		(33,407)
	\$	(63,907)

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

Plan Description

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2019 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB)Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly County benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$563,713 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating local educational agencies, actuarially determined. The County's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively was 0.1330%, and 0.1421%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0091%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$34,655.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2020 total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2020, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Valuation Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Experience Study	June 30, 2014 through	June 30, 2010 through
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	2.21%	3.50%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%	3.70%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%	4.10%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2019, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 294 or an average of 0.18% of the potentially eligible population (159,339).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2020, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020, is 2.21%. As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as previously noted, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, a discount rate of 2.21%, which is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2020, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate decreased 1.29% from 3.50% as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	-	let OPEB Liability
1% decrease (1.21%)	\$	623,341
Current discount rate (2.21%)		563,713
1% increase (3.21%)		512.973

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rate		Net OPEB Liability	
1% decrease (3.50% Part A and 4.40% Part B) Current Medicare costs trend rate (4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B)	\$	511,137 563.713	
1% increase (5.50% Part A and 6.40% Part B)		624,236	

Note 10 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	County School Service Fund	Special Education Pass-Through Fund	Child Development Fund	Non-Major Governmental Fund	Total
Nonspendable Revolving cash	\$ 70,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,000
Restricted					
Legally restricted programs	54,268,353	9,335,464	224,359	-	63,828,176
Capital projects	-	-	-	6,873,276	6,873,276
Debt service				1,256,729	1,256,729
Total restricted	54,268,353	9,335,464	224,359	8,130,005	71,958,181
Committed					
Deferred maintenance program				30,773,191	30,773,191
Assigned					
ACCESS LCFF/LCAP priorities	52,804,918	-	-	-	52,804,918
Mandated costs	9,117,289	-	-	-	9,117,289
COE LCAP support and approval	5,259,375	-	-	-	5,259,375
Medical Administrative Activities (MAA)	4,650,336	-	-	-	4,650,336
Reserve for classroom equipment upgrade	3,500,000	-	-	-	3,500,000
OCDE E-Rate	2,844,406	-	-	-	2,844,406
Reserve for payroll project	2,250,000	-	-	-	2,250,000
Reserve for ACCESS book adoption	2,021,444	-	-	-	2,021,444
2015-16 one-time discretionary funding	1,826,576	-	-	-	1,826,576
Reserve for workstation improvements Reserve for infrastructure upgrades	1,750,000	-	-	-	1,750,000
Reserve for infrastructure apgrades	1,730,000	-	-	-	1,730,000
system upgrade	1,500,000	-	-	-	1,500,000
Risk management safety and security	1,040,118	-	-	-	1,040,118
Reserve for health and safety equipment	900,000	-	-	-	900,000
CTEp (ROP) tier III	812,324	-	-	-	812,324
Reserve for outdated checks	802,984	-	-	-	802,984
Various other designated programs	689,204	-	-	-	689,204
EISS workshops	653,015	46.245	- 7.700	75.000	653,015
GASB 31 fair market value adjustment	584,352	16,315	7,768	75,062	683,497
Various workshops & trainings Special education JPA	449,180	-	-	-	449,180
County board discretionary	378,758 350,000	-	-	-	378,758 350,000
FIS V-Card district discretionary	328,467				328,467
Special schools tier III	319,237	_	_	_	319,237
Courier services	264,481	_	_	_	264,481
Information technology BiTech	227,590	_	-	-	227,590
Instructional materials lottery	8,988,619	_	-	-	8,988,619
CTEp (ROP) lottery	344,103	-	-	-	344,103
CCPA instructional material lottery	73,459	-	-	-	73,459
Other postemployment benefits	4,274,297				4,274,297
Total assigned	110,734,532	16,315	7,768	75,062	110,833,677
Unassigned					
Reserve for economic uncertainties	140,784,218				140,784,218
Total	\$ 305,857,103	\$ 9,351,779	\$ 232,127	\$ 38,978,258	\$ 354,419,267

Note 11 - Lease Revenues

The County has property held for lease with a combined estimated cost of \$10,078,223 and accumulated depreciation of \$3,930,507. Lease agreements have been entered into with various lessees for terms that exceed one year. None of the agreements contain purchase options. All of the agreements contain a termination clause providing for cancellation after a specified number of days written notice to lessors but is unlikely that the County will cancel any of the agreements prior to their expiration date. The future minimum lease payments expected to be received under these agreements are as follows:

Year Ending	Lease
June 30,	Revenue
2022	\$ 1,990,015
2023	879,910
2024	302,021
2025	120,120
2026	
	\$ 3,312,493

Note 12 - Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; thefts, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County's risk management activities are recorded in the County School Service Fund and in the Internal Service Fund. The purpose of the Internal Service Fund is to administer retiree and employee dental program of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County participates in the various public entity risk pools for health, workers' compensation, and property and liability risks. The participation in the public entity risk pools represents a transfer of risk to the pools. Provisions of the agreements with the public entity risk pools provide for additional assessments for deficits within the pool based upon specific calculations. As of June 30, 2021, information was not available that indicates that the County has an outstanding obligation for any calculated deficits. See Note 15 for additional information regarding the pools.

For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Claims Liability

The County records an estimated liability for indemnity torts and other claims against the County. Claims liability are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience.

Unpaid Claims Liability

The fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the County from July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2021:

	 Dental Care
Liability Balance, July 1, 2019 Claims and changes in estimates Claims payments	\$ 241,927 1,162,693 (1,154,624)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2020 Claims and changes in estimates Claims payments	249,996 1,286,161 (1,305,983)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 230,174
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2021	\$ 6,928,807

Note 13 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), and employees whose hire date was prior to July 1, 1977 are members of the Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
CalSTRS CalPERS OCERS	\$ 73,979,992 125,681,012 2,661,390	\$ 16,001,565 21,492,880 563,186	\$ 15,010,708 4,602,361 1,076,224	\$ 5,697,387 23,019,604 373,484
Total	\$ 202,322,394	\$ 38,057,631	\$ 20,689,293	\$ 29,090,475

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The County contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2019, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The County contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program; thus, disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program	
Hire date Benefit formula	On or before December 31, 2012 2% at 60	On or after January 1, 2013 2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years of Service	5 Years of Service
Benefit payments Retirement age	Monthly for Life 60	Monthly for Life 62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rate	16.15%	16.15%
Required State contribution rate	10.328%	10.328%

Contributions

Required member local educational agencies and the State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, are presented above and the County's total contributions were \$6,899,588.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the County. The amount recognized by the County as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the County were as follows:

Total Net Pension Liability, Including State Share:

County's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 73,979,992
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County	38,136,694
Total	\$ 112,116,686

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school County's and the State, actuarially determined. The County's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively, was 0.0763% and 0.0803%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0040%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$5,697,387. In addition, the County recognized pension expense and revenue of \$5,342,577 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	6,899,588	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and County's proportionate share of contributions Difference between projected and actual		-	12,924,346
earnings on pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience		1,757,339	-
in the measurement of the total pension liability		130,541	2,086,362
Changes of assumptions		7,214,097	
Total	\$	16,001,565	\$ 15,010,708

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ (1,072,317) 598,758 1,194,588 1,036,310	
	\$ 1,757,339	

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and County's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 Thereafter	\$ (2,345,996) (857,321) (163,787) (1,949,363) (1,864,758) (484,845)
	\$ (7,666,070)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance-PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Dublic a suitu	420/	4.00/
Public equity	42%	4.8%
Real estate	15%	3.6%
Private equity	13%	6.3%
Fixed income	12%	1.3%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/liquidity	2%	-0.4%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10%) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 111,773,462
Current discount rate (7.10%)	73,979,992
1% increase (8.10%)	42,776,160

School Employer Pool (CalPERS)

June 30, 2021

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2019 annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	On or before	On or after	
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years of Service	5 Years of Service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	
Retirement age	55	62	
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	7.00%	
Required employer contribution rate	20.700%	20.700%	

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The County is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, are presented above and the total County contributions were \$12,182,332.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the County reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$125,681,012. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school County's, actuarially determined. The County's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively, was 0.4096% and 0.4087%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0009%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$23,019,604. At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$ 12,182,332	\$ -
made and District's proportionate share of contributions	-	4,602,361
Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,616,279	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	, ,	
in the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions	6,233,392 460,877	-
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total	\$ 21,492,880	\$ 4,602,361

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ (979,065) 873,292 1,517,925 1,204,127	
	\$ 2,616,279	

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and County's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 4.1 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	0.	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$	2,264,813 199,826 (333,457) (39,274)	
	\$	2,091,908	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.15%
Investment rate of return	7.15%
Consumer price inflation	2.50%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP-2016.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
		_
Global equity	50%	5.98%
Fixed income	28%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0%	1.81%
Private equity	8%	7.23%
Real assets	13%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	-0.92%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.15%)	\$ 180,689,373
Current discount rate (7.15%)	125,681,012
1% increase (8.15%)	80,026,832

Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS)

Plan Description

All qualified regular full time and part-time employees participate in the Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OCERS was established in 1945. OCERS is administered by the Board of Retirement and governed by the County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 (California Government Code Section 31450 et. seq.). OCERS main function is to provide service retirement, disability, death, and survivor benefits to the plan participants, who include the County of Orange, Orange County Courts, the Orange County Retirement System, two Cities, and thirteen special districts, including the County.

Management of OCERS is vested with the Orange County Board of Retirement. The Board consists of nine members and one alternate. The County Treasurer is a member of the Board of Retirement by law. Four members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors, one of whom may be a County supervisor. Two members are elected by the General membership; one member and one alternate are elected by the Safety membership; one member is elected by the retired members of the System. All members of the Board of Retirement serve terms of three years except for the County Treasurer whose term runs concurrent with the term as County Treasurer. OCERS issues a stand-alone annual financial report, which can be obtained at OCERS website (www.ocers.org).

Benefits Provided

OCERS provides service retirement, disability, death, and survivor benefits to eligible employees. All regular full-time employees of the County of Orange or contracting agencies who work a minimum of 20 hours per week become members of OCERS effective on the first day of employment in an eligible position. There are separate retirement plans for General and Safety member employees. New General Members employed after January 1, 2013 are designated as PEPRA General subject to the provisions of California Government Code 7522 et seq. and AB 197. The County's employees participate as General members.

General members hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire once they attain the age of 50 and have acquired ten or more years of retirement service credit. A member with 30 years of service is eligible to retire regardless of age. All General members can also retire at the age of 70 regardless of service. The County participates in Plan M, which is 2.0% at 55 benefits. Plan M is for General Members hired before September 21, 1979.

The retirement benefits the member will receive is based upon age at retirement, final average compensation, years of retirement service credit and retirement plan and tier.

General member benefits are calculated pursuant to the provisions of California Government Code Sections 31676.01, 31676.12, 31676.16, 31676.18 or 31676.19. For section 31676.01, the monthly allowance is equal to 1/90th of final compensation times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from that Section. For Section 31676.1, the monthly allowance is equal to 1/60th of final compensation times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from the Section. For Sections 31676.12, 31676.18 or 31676.19, the monthly allowance is equal to 1/50th of final compensation times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from the corresponding Section.

For members with membership dates before January 1, 2013 the maximum monthly retirement allowance is 100% of final compensation. There is no maximum with membership dates on or after January 1, 2013.

Final average compensation consists of the highest 12 consecutive months for Plan M.

The member may elect an unmodified retirement allowance or choose an optional retirement allowance. The unmodified retirement allowance provides the highest monthly benefit and a 60% continuance to an eligible surviving spouse or domestic partner is one married to or registered with the member one year prior to the effective retirement date. Certain surviving spouses or domestic partners may also be eligible if marriage or domestic partnership was at least two years prior to the date of death and the surviving spouse or domestic partner has attained age 55. There are four optional retirement allowances the member may choose. Each of the optional retirement allowances requires a reduction in the unmodified retirement allowance in order to allow the member the ability to provide certain benefits to a surviving spouse, domestic partner, or named beneficiary having an insurable interest in the life of the member.

OCERS provides an annual cost-of-living benefit to all retirees. The cost-of-living adjustments, based upon the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County Area, is capped at 3.0%.

Contributions

The County contributes to the retirement plan based upon actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the Board of Retirement. Employer contribution rates are adopted annually based upon recommendations received from OCERS' actuary after the completion of the annual actuarial valuation. Contributions to the plan in 2020-2021 were \$286,085, which were immediately recognized as part of fiduciary net position by the Plan.

All members are required to make contributions to OCERS regardless of the retirement plan or tier in which they are included. The member contribution rates for 2020-2021 vary by member based on age of entry.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the County reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the OCERS net pension liability of \$2,661,390. The collective net pension liability for the Plan was measured as of December 31, 2020. Plan fiduciary net position was valued as of the measurement date, while the total pension liability (TPL) was determined based upon rolling forward the TPL from an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The plan provisions used in the measurement of the net pension liability are the same as those used in the OCERS actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2019. The County's proportionate share for the measurement period December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, was 0.063% and 0.061%, resulting in a net increase of 0.002%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$373,484. At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Oi	eferred utflows esources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 557,158
in the measurement of the total pension liability		444,465	417,291
Changes of assumptions		118,721	 101,775
Total	\$	563,186	\$ 1,076,224

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ (245,262) (100,781) (138,938) (40,100) 12,043
Total	\$ (513,038)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The collective total pension liability as of December 31, 2020 was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability from the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an experience study for the period from January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2019. Following are the key methods and assumptions used for the total pension liability as of December 31, 2020.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases General: 4.00% to 11.00%, vary by service, including inflation 7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Discount Rate 7.009

Cost of Living Adjustment 2.75% of retirement income

Post – Retirement Mortality Rates:

Healthy: For General Members and All Beneficiaries: Headcount-Weighted

RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, projected generationally

with the two-dimensional MP-2016 projection scale.

Disabled: For General Members: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy

Annuitant Mortality Table, projected generationally with

two-dimensional MP-2016 projection scale, set forward five years.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL as of December 31, 2020 was 7.00%. In determining the discount rate, OCERS took into account the projection of cash flows and assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and deducting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. Additional information on the target allocation and projected arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is available in the OCERS' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2020. This information will change every three years based on the actuarial experience study. The expected investment rate of return assumption is summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Assumed asset	Expected real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of return
Large Cap Equity	23.10%	5.43%
Small Cap Equity	1.90%	6.21%
International Developed Equity	13.00%	6.67%
Emerging Markets Equity	9.00%	8.58%
Core Bonds	9.00%	1.10%
High Yield Bonds	1.50%	2.91%
TIPS	2.00%	0.65%
Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	3.25%
Corporate Credit	1.00%	0.53%
Long Duration Fixed Income	2.50%	1.44%
Real Estate	3.01%	4.42%
Private Equity	13.00%	9.41%
Value Added Real Estate	3.01%	7.42%
Opportunistic Real Estate	0.98%	10.18%
Energy	2.00%	9.68%
Infrastructure (Core Private)	1.50%	5.08%
Infrastructure (Non-Core Private)	1.50%	8.92%
CTA - Trend Following	2.50%	2.38%
Global Macro	2.50%	2.13%
Private Credit	2.50%	5.47%
Alternative Risk Premia	2.50%	2.50%

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability					
1% decrease (6.00%)	\$ 4,354,261					
Current discount rate (7.00%)	2,661,390					
1% increase (8.00%)	1,281,440					

Alternative Retirement Plan

As established by Federal Law, all public sector employees who are not members their employer's exiting retirement systems (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by social security or an alternative plan. The County has elected to use the Public Agency Retirement System as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the County and an employee vest immediately. The County contributes 3.75% of an employee's gross earnings. An employee is required to contribute 3.75% of his or her gross earnings to the pension plan.

During the year, the County's required and actual contributions amounted to \$106,538.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the County. These payments consist of State County School Service Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$5,969,998 (10.328% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

The County received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the County School Service Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the County at June 30, 2021.

Litigation

The County is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the County at June 30, 2021.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2021, the County had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

	Remaining	Expected
	Construction	Date of
Capital Projects	Commitment	Completion
CS #9 Anaheim	\$ 3,358,704	06/30/22

Operating Leases

The County has entered into various operating leases for buildings and equipment with lease terms in excess of one year. None of these agreements contain purchase options. Future minimum lease payments under these agreements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Lease Payment		
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$	3,984,329 2,011,592 1,819,547 1,285,690 503,470	
Total	\$	9,604,628	

Lease payments for the year ended June 30, 2021, were approximately \$6,740,963.

Note 15 - Participation in Public Entity Risk Pools and Joint Power Authorities

The County is a member of the Western Orange County Self-Funded Workers' Compensation Agency (WOCSWCA) and the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs Joint Powers Authority. The County pays an annual premium to each entity for its property and liability, and workers' compensation coverage. The relationships between the County, the pools, and the JPA are such that they are not component units of the County for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the County are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the County made payments of \$2,314,962 and \$377,576 to WOCSWCA and Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs Joint Powers Authority, respectively, for annual premium payments.

Note 16 - Risks and Uncertainties

The County has been negatively impacted by the effects of the world-wide coronavirus pandemic. The County is closely monitoring its operations, liquidity, and capital resources and is actively working to minimize the current and future impact of this unprecedented situation. As of the issuance date of these financial statements, the full impact to the County's financial position is not known beyond increased cash flow monitoring due to state apportionment deferrals.



Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2021

Orange County Department of Education

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – County School Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative) Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Actual
Revenues Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ 101,610,796 31,394,019 15,315,615 99,751,747	\$ 110,730,851 46,501,828 31,010,753 91,389,205	\$ 110,569,734 18,346,850 26,094,586 120,441,153	\$ (161,117) (28,154,978) (4,916,167) 29,051,948
Total revenues ¹	248,072,177	279,632,637	275,452,323	(4,180,314)
Expenditures Current				
Certificated salaries Classified salaries Employee benefits Books and supplies Services and operating expenditures Other outgo Capital outlay	51,550,339 61,629,037 54,211,767 16,417,261 46,510,722 36,296,165 3,185,807	49,049,566 57,931,522 53,802,249 10,166,474 45,217,216 23,875,074 5,219,538	48,838,222 55,819,242 51,265,795 7,957,795 34,318,485 24,182,949 3,911,764	211,344 2,112,280 2,536,454 2,208,679 10,898,731 (307,875) 1,307,774
Total expenditures ¹	269,801,098	245,261,639	226,294,252	18,967,387
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(21,728,921)	34,370,998	49,158,071	14,787,073
Other Financing Uses Transfers out	(1,431,837)	(1,756,888)	(1,613,906)	142,982
Net Change in Fund Balance	(23,160,758)	32,614,110	47,544,165	14,930,055
Fund Balance - Beginning	258,312,938	258,312,938	258,312,938	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 235,152,180	\$ 290,927,048	\$ 305,857,103	\$ 14,930,055

¹ The consolidation of Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, and for reporting purposes into the County School Service Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures; however, are not included in the original and final County School Service Fund budgets.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Education Pass-Through Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Actual		Variances - Positive (Negative) Final
		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		to Actual
Revenues	\$	26 022 701	\$	27 492 245	\$	27 492 244	¢	(1)
Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources	Ş	36,922,791 7,685,181	Ş	37,483,345 7,642,939	Ş	37,483,344 7,632,954	\$	(1) (9,985)
Other State sources		2,444,975		2,763,253		2,753,059		(10,194)
Other local sources		1,400,602		70,438		78,179		7,741
Total revenues		48,453,549		47,959,975		47,947,536		(12,439)
Expenditures Current								
Other outgo		47,065,196		45,779,287		47,712,081		(1,932,794)
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,388,353		2,180,688		235,455		(1,945,233)
Fund Balance - Beginning		9,116,324		9,116,324		9,116,324		_
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	10,504,677	\$	11,297,012	\$	9,351,779	\$	(1,945,233)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Child Development Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	 Variances - Positive (Negative) Final
	Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Actual
Revenues Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ 21,577,288 17,708,076 512,129	\$	30,447,376 23,442,088 805,633	\$	28,816,277 18,331,245 1,410,817	\$ (1,631,099) (5,110,843) 605,184
Total revenues	39,797,493		54,695,097		48,558,339	(6,136,758)
Expenditures Current Certificated salaries Classified salaries Employee benefits Books and supplies Services and operating expenditures Other outgo Total expenditures	224,431 2,891,220 1,569,656 454,129 31,671,841 3,437,318 40,248,595		9,497 3,169,570 1,562,964 125,297 45,866,317 4,737,605		17,675 3,433,419 1,669,326 335,986 39,425,403 4,077,574	(8,178) (263,849) (106,362) (210,689) 6,440,914 660,031
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(451,102)		(776,153)		(401,044)	375,109
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	 451,102		776,153		633,171	(142,982)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-		232,127	232,127
Fund Balance - Beginning	-					
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 	\$		\$	232,127	\$ 232,127

Schedule of Changes in the County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest	\$ 207,457 73,454	\$ 223,211 120,570	\$ 207,170 117,952	\$ 201,625 128,023
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	9,057 (292,807)	(229,356) 85,167 (302,691)	63,344 (340,709)	- - (327,605)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(2,839)	(103,099)	47,757	2,043
Total OPEB liability - beginning	3,381,489	3,484,588	3,436,831	3,434,788
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 3,378,650	\$ 3,381,489	\$ 3,484,588	\$ 3,436,831
Covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

 $^{^{1}}$ The County's OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program Year Ended June 30, 2021

Year ended June 30,	2021	2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1330%	0.1421%	0.1621%	0.1647%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 563,713	\$ 529,058	\$ 620,596	\$ 693,007
Covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	-0.71%	-0.81%	-0.40%	0.01%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹ As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

	2021		2020			2019
CalSTRS						
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.0763%		0.0803%		0.0903%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County	\$	73,979,992 38,136,694	\$	72,532,183 39,571,148	\$	83,019,800 47,532,718
Total	Ś	112,116,686	\$	112,103,331	Ś	130,552,518
Covered payroll	\$	43,217,982	\$	43,101,112	\$	48,515,759
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	-	171%	<u>,</u>	168%	<u>,</u>	171%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72%		73%		71%
Measurement Date	Jı	une 30, 2020	J	une 30, 2019		June 30, 2018
CalPERS						
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.4096%		0.4087%		0.4230%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	125,681,012	\$	119,105,453	\$	112,783,669
Covered payroll	\$	58,988,865	\$	55,802,192	\$	55,298,184
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		213%		213%		204%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70%		70%		71%
Measurement Date	Jı	une 30, 2020	J	une 30, 2019		June 30, 2018
OCERS ¹						
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.063%	1	0.061%		0.057%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,661,390	\$	3,099,339	\$	3,517,372
Covered payroll		N/A ²		N/A ²		N/A ²
Proportionate share of the net pension liability						
as a percentage of its covered payroll		N/A ²		N/A ²		N/A ²
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77%		77%		70%
Measurement Date	Dec	ember 31, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 2019	De	ecember 31, 2018

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,{\rm Prior}$ to June 30, 2018, the County did not implement GASB Statement No. 68 for OCERS.

² As of June 30, 2018, the County did not have any active members participating in OCERS; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

		2018		2017		2016		2015
CalSTRS		_						
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.0910%		0.0950%		0.1040%		0.1110%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension	\$	84,144,083	\$	76,836,950	\$	70,016,960	\$	64,865,070
liability associated with the County		49,778,929	_	43,748,345	_	37,031,154	_	39,168,723
Total	\$	133,923,012	\$	120,585,295	\$	107,048,114	\$	104,033,793
Covered payroll	\$	47,398,000	\$	48,203,000	\$	47,996,000	\$	49,181,000
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		178%		159.40%		145.88%		131.89%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		69%		70%		74%		77%
Measurement Date	J	une 30, 2017	Ju	une 30, 2016	Ju	une 30, 2015	Ju	ine 30, 2014
CalPERS								
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.4292%		0.4443%		0.4474%		0.4904%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	102,455,197	\$	87,749,525	\$	65,947,202	\$	55,672,340
Covered payroll	\$	54,825,000	\$	53,475,000	\$	49,525,000	\$	49,734,000
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		187%		164.09%		133.16%		111.94%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72%		74%		79%		83%
Measurement Date	J	une 30, 2017	Ju	une 30, 2016	Ju	une 30, 2015	Ju	ine 30, 2014
OCERS ¹								
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.051%						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,530,324						
Covered payroll		N/A ²						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability		_						
as a percentage of its covered payroll		N/A ²						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75%						
Measurement Date	Dec	ember 31, 2017						

¹ Prior to June 30, 2018, the County did not implement GASB Statement No. 68 for OCERS.

² As of June 30, 2018, the County did not have any active members participating in OCERS; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

CalSTRS	 2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 6,899,588	\$ 7,390,275	\$ 7,016,861
required contribution	 (6,899,588)	(7,390,275)	 (7,016,861)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 42,721,907	\$ 43,217,982	\$ 43,101,112
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	 16.15%	17.10%	 16.28%
CalPERS			
Contractually required contribution	\$ 12,182,332	\$ 11,633,194	\$ 10,078,992
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (12,182,332)	(11,633,194)	 (10,078,992)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 58,851,845	\$ 58,988,865	\$ 55,802,192
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	 20.700%	 19.721%	 18.062%
OCERS ¹			
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 286,085	\$ 267,432	\$ 301,464
required contribution	 (286,085)	(267,432)	 (301,464)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ -
Covered payroll	 N/A ²	N/A ²	 N/A ²
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	 N/A ²	 N/A ²	 N/A ²

¹ Prior to June 30, 2018, the County did not implement GASB Statement No. 68 for OCERS.

² As of June 30, 2018, the County did not have any active members participating in OCERS; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
CalSTRS				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 7,000,824	\$ 6,030,647	\$ 5,172,158	\$ 4,262,028
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(7,000,824)	 (6,030,647)	(5,172,158)	 (4,262,028)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 48,515,759	\$ 47,398,000	\$ 48,203,000	\$ 47,996,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.43%	 12.58%	 10.73%	 8.88%
CalPERS				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 8,588,361	\$ 7,614,077	\$ 6,335,210	\$ 5,829,589
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (8,588,361)	(7,614,077)	 (6,335,210)	 (5,829,589)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 55,298,184	\$ 54,825,000	\$ 53,475,000	\$ 49,525,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.531%	 13.888%	 11.847%	 11.771%
OCERS ¹				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 524,000			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (524,000)			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -			
Covered payroll	N/A ²			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	 N/A ²			

¹ Prior to June 30, 2018, the County did not implement GASB Statement No. 68 for OCERS.

² As of June 30, 2018, the County did not have any active members participating in OCERS; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

The County employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

These schedules present information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

At June 30, 2021, the following County major fund exceeded the budgeted amount in total as follows:

		Expenditures	
	Budget	Actual	Excess
Special Education Pass-Through Fund	\$ 45,779,287	\$ 47,712,081	\$ 1,932,794

Schedule of Changes in the County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the County's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Change in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms.
- Changes of Assumptions The discount rate changed from 2.20% to 2.16%.

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability – MPP Program and the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- Changes of Assumptions The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 3.50% to 2.21% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the County. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for either the CalSTRS, CalPERS, or OCERS plans.
- Changes of Assumptions There were no changes in economic assumptions for either the CalSTRS, CalPERS, or OCERS plans from the previous valuations.

Schedule of County Contributions

This schedule presents information on the County's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.



Supplementary Information June 30, 2021

Orange County Department of Education

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Program Expenditures	Amounts Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE):				
Special Education (IDEA) Cluster:	04.027	12270	ć 7.00F.200	ć C040.222
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611 Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	84.027 84.027	13379 10115	\$ 7,995,309 19,167	\$ 6,949,232 19,167
Preschool Grants, Part B, Sec 619	84.173	13430	199.378	159.237
Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197	505,318	505,318
Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	973	505,510
Alternate Dispute Resolution	84.173A	13007	14,601	_
Mental Health Services, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15321	178,757	-
				•
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster			8,913,503	7,632,954
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	2,592,513	_
Title I, Part D, Local Delinquent Programs	84.010	14357	1,926,284	_
School Improvement Funding for LEAs	84.010	15438	587,881	-
School Improvement Funding for COEs	84.010	15439	194,592	-
Subtotal			5,301,270	
Title III, Immigrant Student Program	84.365	15146	303	_
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	335,416	
Subtotal			335,719	
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School				
Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	15536	823,231	_
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School	04.4230	15550	023,231	
Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	15547	_	_
COVID-19: Governor's Emergency Education Relief	•			
Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation	84.425C	15517	63,575	-
COVID-19: CARES Act Supplemental Meal Reimbursement	84.425D	15535	4,891	
Subtotal			891,697	
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	14341	39,194	
Title IV, 21st Century Community Learning	04.307	14541	33,134	-
Centers Technical Assistance	84.287	14350	218,227	_
Title IX, Part A, McKinney-Vento Homeless	0.1.207	2.000	220,227	
Assistance Grants	84.196	14332	252,269	-
Early Intervention Grants, Part C	84.181	23761	373,789	-
Passed through County of Orange:				
California Career Innovations: Work Based				
Learning Initiative	84.126	[1]	124,617	
Total U.S. Department of Education			16,450,285	7,632,954

^[1] Pass-Through Entity Number not available

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through CDE: Child Care and Development Fund Cluster: Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 13881 2,292,989 1 Local Planning Councils 93.575 13881 2,292,989 1 Local Planning Councils 93.575 14092 366,056 2 Quality Improvement Activities 93.575 14103 1,042,009 366,056 6 Quality Improvement Activities 93.575 14103 1,042,009 1 Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 14133 1,775,877 7 Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 14178 1,552,443 1,775,877 7 Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 14184 406,864 1 Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.596 14153 1,775,877 1 Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.596 1408 1406,864 1 Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.596 1408 1406,864 1 Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.596 1408 1406,864 1 Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.596 1408 1406,864 1 Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.596 1408 1406,864 1 Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15511 1,453,048 1 Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 85.579 1 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, S	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Program Expenditures	Amounts Passed Through to Subrecipients
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster: Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 13881 2,292,989 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 13881 2,292,989 . Local Planning Councils 93.575 14394 72,623 . Quality improvement Activities 93.575 14409 366,056 . Quality improvement Activities 93.575 14403 1,020,09 . Federal Alternative Payment 1 93.596 14153 1,775,877 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 14178 1,552,443 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 14384 406,844 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.576 14884 406,846 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.576 14884 148,845 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.576 14884 148,845 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.576 1580 14884 148,845 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.576 1580 14884 148,845 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.576 15511 1,430,48 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15511 1,430,48 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 1,430,48 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 1,430,48 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 2,441,192 . COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 1,430,48 . Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 2,441,192 . COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 2,441,192 . COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 2,441,192 . COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 2,441,192 . COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15513 2,441,192 . COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 . Subtotal Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster . U.S. Department of Health and Human Services . Passed through County of Orange: Altorida and Other Orang Prevention Services Physical Stage 2 144,194 . Covid Discounting Covid Covi					
Federal Alternative Payment 93.996 13694 \$ 11,620,239 \$ Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 13881 2,729,898 \$ Local Planning Councils 93.575 13946 77,623 \$ 7,					
Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 13881 2,292,989 1 1,000 1,00		93 596	13694	\$ 11 620 259	\$ -
Local Planning Councils 93.575 13946 72,623				, , , , , , ,	-
Quality Improvement Activities 93.575 14092 366,056 -					-
Quality Improvement Activities 93.575 14130 1,042,009 Federal Alternative Payment 93.596 14153 1,775,877 7. Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 14178 1,552,443 7. 1,775,877 7. 1,775,877 7. 1,775,877 7. 1,775,877 7. 1,775,877 7. 1,775,877 7. 1,775,877 1,7		93.575	14092	·	-
Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 14178 1.552.443		93.575	14130	1,042,009	-
Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 14984 406,864 Federal Alternative Payment 39.596 14985 14,855 14,855 Federal Alternative Payment 39.596 15400 6,558,967 7.586	Federal Alternative Payment	93.596	14153	1,775,877	-
Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.596 14985 14,856 - Federal Alternative Payment 93.596 15400 6,558,9676 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.596 15452 254,182 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15511 1,453,048 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15511 1,453,048 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15512 85.579 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15512 85.579 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15510 24,192 - Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15510 24,192 - Federal Alt	Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2	93.575	14178	1,552,443	-
Federal Alternative Payment 93.596 15400 6,558,967 - Federal Alternative Payment 93.596 15452 254,182 - Federal Alternative Payment 93.575 15511 1,453,048 - Federal Alternative Payment 93.575 15511 1,453,048 - Federal Alternative Payment 93.575 15512 28.5579 - Federal Alternative Payment 53.575 15513 244,192 - Federal Alternative Payment 54,192 - Federal Alternative Payment 54,192 - Federal Alternative 54,192 - F				·	-
Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.596 15452 7254,182 Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15511 1,453,048 5.00 1.00				•	-
Federal Alternative Payment	•				-
COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 2 93.575 15512 285,579 COVID-19 COVID-19 CARES Act Federal Alternative Payment, Stage 3 93.575 15513 244,192 COVID-19 Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRSSA) Act - One-time Stipend 93.575 15555 1,836,766 C-	,			•	-
COVID-19: Cornavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA)					-
COVID-19: Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act - One-time Stipend 93.575 15555 1,836,766 — Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster 29,576,710 — U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through County of Orange: Alcohol and Other Drug Prevention Services Friday Night Live 93.959 [1] 459,019 — Alcohol and Other Drug Prevention Services 93.959 [1] 568,113 — Subtotal 1,027,132 — 1 Foster Youth Services Coordinating Programs 93.658 [1] 456,160 — Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 31,060,002 — Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 31,060,002 — Department of Agriculture Passed through CDE: Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program 10.555 13396 103,090 — Basic School Breakfast Program 10.553 13526 41,164 — Commodities 10.555 13396 17,524 — Total Child Nutrition Cluster 10.555 13396 17,524 — Total Child Nutrition Cluster 10.555 1396 17,524 — Total Child Nutrition Cluster 10.				·	-
Act - One-time Stipend 93.575 15555 1,836,766 - Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster 29,576,710 - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through County of Orange: Alcohol and Other Drug Prevention Services Friday Night Live 93.959 [1] 459,019 - Block Grant for Substance Abuse Prevention Services 93.959 [1] 568,113 - Subtotal 1,027,132 - Foster Youth Services Coordinating Programs 93.658 [1] 456,160 - Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 31,060,002 - U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through CDE: Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program 10.555 13396 103,090 - Basic School Breakfast Program 10.553 13390 30,918 - Commodities 10.555 13396 17,524 - Total Child Nutrition Cluster Total Child Nutrition Cluster Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 220,202 23,380 U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE:	COVID-19: Coronavirus Response and Relief	93.575	15513	244,192	-
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through County of Orange: Alcohol and Other Drug Prevention Services Friday Night Live Block Grant for Substance Abuse Prevention Services 93.959 [1] 459,019 568,113 - Subtotal 1,027,132 - Foster Youth Services Coordinating Programs 93.658 [1] 456,160 - Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through CDE: Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program 10.555 13396 103,090 - Basic School Breakfast Program 10.553 13390 30,918 - Especially Needy Breakfast Program 10.553 13526 41,164 - Commodities 10.555 13396 17,524 - Total Child Nutrition Cluster: Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury	, , ,	93.575	15555	1,836,766	
Passed through County of Orange:	Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster			29,576,710	
Passed through County of Orange:	ILS Department of Health and Human Services				
Alcohol and Other Drug Prevention Services Friday Night Live 93.959 [1] 459,019 568,113 -					
Block Grant for Substance Abuse Prevention Services 93.959 1 568,113		93 959	[1]	459 019	_
Foster Youth Services Coordinating Programs 93.658 [1] 456,160 - Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 31,060,002 - U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through CDE: Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program 10.555 13396 103,090 - Basic School Breakfast Program 10.553 13390 30,918 - Especially Needy Breakfast Program 10.553 13526 41,164 - Commodities 10.555 13396 17,524 - Total Child Nutrition Cluster Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 220,202 23,380 U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 6,841,234 -	, ,			•	
Foster Youth Services Coordinating Programs 93.658 [1] 456,160 - Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 31,060,002 - U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through CDE: Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program 10.555 13396 103,090 - Basic School Breakfast Program 10.553 13390 30,918 - Especially Needy Breakfast Program 10.553 13526 41,164 - Commodities 10.555 13396 17,524 - Total Child Nutrition Cluster Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 220,202 23,380 U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 6,841,234 -	Subtotal			1,027,132	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 31,060,002 - U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through CDE: Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program 10.555 13396 103,090 - Basic School Breakfast Program 10.553 13390 30,918 - Especially Needy Breakfast Program 10.555 13396 17,524 - Commodities 10.555 13396 17,524 - Total Child Nutrition Cluster 192,696 - Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 27,506 23,380 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 220,202 23,380 U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 6,841,234 -	Factor Vouth Sanicas Coordinating Programs	02.659	[1]		
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through CDE: Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program 10.555 13396 103,090 - Basic School Breakfast Program 10.553 13390 30,918 - Especially Needy Breakfast Program 10.553 13396 Commodities 10.555 13396 17,524 - Total Child Nutrition Cluster Total Child Nutrition Cluster Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury	Ç Ç		[1]		
Passed through CDE: Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program 10.555 13396 103,090 - Basic School Breakfast Program 10.553 13390 30,918 - Especially Needy Breakfast Program 10.553 13526 41,164 - Commodities 10.555 13396 17,524 - Total Child Nutrition Cluster Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 220,202 23,380 U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury - To	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Service	S		31,060,002	
National School Lunch Program Basic School Breakfast Program 10.555 13396 103,090 - Basic School Breakfast Program 10.553 13390 30,918 - Especially Needy Breakfast Program 10.553 13526 41,164 - Commodities 10.555 13396 17,524 - Total Child Nutrition Cluster Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury - Total U.S. Department of the Tre	Passed through CDE:				
Basic School Breakfast Program 10.553 13390 30,918 - Especially Needy Breakfast Program 10.553 13526 41,164					
Especially Needy Breakfast Program Commodities 10.553 13526 41,164 - 17,524 - Total Child Nutrition Cluster Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 220,202 23,380 U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury	•			•	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 23,380 U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury	<u> </u>			•	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 27,506 23,380 U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury	. , ,			•	-
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 220,202 23,380 U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 6,841,234 -	Commodities	10.555	13390	17,524	
Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 27,506 23,380 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 220,202 23,380 U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 6,841,234 -	Total Child Nutrition Cluster			192,696	
Forest Reserve Funds 10.665 10044 27,506 23,380 Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 27,506 23,380 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 220,202 23,380 U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 6,841,234 -	Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster				
Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 27,506 23,380 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 220,202 23,380 U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 6,841,234 -		10.665	10044	27.506	23.380
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 6,841,234 -					
U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 6,841,234 -	Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster			27,506	23,380
Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 6,841,234 -	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			220,202	23,380
Passed through CDE: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 6,841,234 -	U.S. Department of the Treasury				
COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation 21.019 25516 6,841,234 - Total U.S. Department of the Treasury 6,841,234 -	·				
		21.019	25516	6,841,234	
Total Federal Financial Assistance \$ 54,571,723 \$ 7,656,334	Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			6,841,234	
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 54,571,723	\$ 7,656,334

Organization

The Orange County Department of Education was established and consists of an area comprising approximately 782 square miles. The County operates one community home education site, one homeless outreach program site, 30 community schools/independent study program sites, three juvenile court schools program sites, one field program site, and 14 special education program sites. There were no boundary changes during the year.

The County provides professional and administrative assistance to 13 elementary school districts, three high school districts, 12 unified school districts, four community college districts, three regional occupational programs, and 35 charter schools, within Orange County.

The Board of Education and the County Administrators for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 is presented herein.

County Board of Education

<u>Member</u>	<u>Office</u>	Term Expires
Dr. Ken L. Williams	President	2024
Ms. Mari Barke	Vice President	2022
Dr. Lisa Sparks	Member	2022
Ms. Rebecca Gomez	Member	2024
Mr. Tim Shaw	Member	2024

Administration

Dr. Al Mijares	County Superintendent of Schools and Board Secretary
Dr. Jeff Hittenberger	Chief Academic Officer
Ms. Renee Hendrick	Associate Superintendent, Administrative Services

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2021.

	(Budget)			
	2022 1	2021	2020	2019
County School Service Fund ³ Revenues Other sources	\$ 314,429,473	\$ 275,200,692 	\$ 268,221,679 	\$ 279,744,668 21,049
Total revenues and other sources	314,429,473	275,200,692	268,221,679	279,765,717
Expenditures Other uses	308,747,360 1,526,354	226,294,252 1,613,906	229,823,519 1,459,258	246,802,762 1,493,127
Total expenditures and other uses	310,273,714	227,908,158	231,282,777	248,295,889
Increase in Fund Balance	\$ 4,155,759	\$ 47,292,534	\$ 36,938,902	\$ 31,469,828
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 283,876,573	\$ 279,720,814	\$ 232,428,280	\$ 195,489,378
Available Reserves ²	\$ 125,789,081	\$ 140,784,218	\$ 123,409,056	\$ 107,738,426
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	40.5%	61.8%	53.4%	43.4%
Long-Term Obligations including OPEB and Pensions	N/A	\$ 220,034,914	\$ 214,244,753	\$ 221,256,673
K-12 Average Daily Attendance at Annual ⁴	1,003	2,597	2,597	1,847

The County School Service Fund balance has increased by \$84,231,436 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2021-2022 budget projects an increase of \$4,155,759 (1.5%). For a County this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total County School Service Fund expenditures, and other uses (total outgo).

The County has incurred operating surpluses for each of the past three years. The County anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2021-2022 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have decreased by \$1,221,759 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 750 over the past two years. However, a decline of 1,594 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2021-2022.

¹ Budget 2021 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the County School Service Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects.

³ County School Service Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Capital Outlay Projects as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

⁴ The reported ADA is the same for 2020-2021 and 2019-2020 due to local education agencies being held harmless as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	N	Deferred laintenance Fund		unty School Facilities Fund	Fun	ecial Reserve d for Capital tlay Projects		Debt Service Fund		Total Non-Major overnmental Funds
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Due from other funds	\$	29,855,300 13,821 980,735	\$	5,596,234 95,483 -	\$	2,468,958 159,309 -	\$	1,257,718 303 -	\$	39,178,210 268,916 980,735
Total assets	\$	30,849,856	\$	5,691,717	\$	2,628,267	\$	1,258,021	\$	40,427,861
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities	ċ	16 707	Ś	1 125 902	Ś	207.002	\$		ć	1 440 602
Accounts payable	<u> </u>	16,707	<u> </u>	1,135,803	<u> </u>	297,093	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1,449,603
Fund Balances										
Restricted		<u>-</u>		4,544,675		2,328,601		1,256,729		8,130,005
Committed		30,773,191		-		- 2 572		1 202		30,773,191
Assigned		59,958		11,239	-	2,573		1,292	-	75,062
Total fund balance		30,833,149		4,555,914		2,331,174		1,258,021		38,978,258
Total liabilities and										
fund balances	\$	30,849,856	\$	5,691,717	\$	2,628,267	\$	1,258,021	\$	40,427,861

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues Local Control Funding Formula \$ 1,022,520 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,022,525 Other State sources - 11,033,938 11,033,938 Other local sources 283,075 73,244 2,139,923 6,004 2,502,23 Total revenues 1,305,595 11,107,182 2,139,923 6,004 14,558,75 Expenditures Current	njor ental
Formula \$ 1,022,520 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,022,525 Other State sources - 11,033,938 11,033,938 Other local sources 283,075 73,244 2,139,923 6,004 2,502,20 Total revenues 1,305,595 11,107,182 2,139,923 6,004 14,558,75 Expenditures Current	
Other State sources - 11,033,938 - - 11,033,938 Other local sources 283,075 73,244 2,139,923 6,004 2,502,2 Total revenues 1,305,595 11,107,182 2,139,923 6,004 14,558,7 Expenditures Current Current - - 11,033,938 - - - 11,033,938 6,004 2,502,20 2,502,2	
Other local sources 283,075 73,244 2,139,923 6,004 2,502,23 Total revenues 1,305,595 11,107,182 2,139,923 6,004 14,558,73 Expenditures Current Current	•
Total revenues 1,305,595 11,107,182 2,139,923 6,004 14,558,7 Expenditures Current	
Expenditures Current	,246
Current	,704
Plant services 646,858 - 646,8	,858
Facility acquisition and construction 1,651,908 8,871,512 378,229 - 10,901,6	640
construction 1,651,908 8,871,512 378,229 - 10,901,6	,049
Principal 1,070,000 1,070,0	.000
Interest and other 306,294 306,2	•
Total expenditures <u>1,651,908</u> <u>8,871,512</u> <u>1,025,087</u> <u>1,376,294</u> <u>12,924,8</u>	,801
Finance (Definion and of December)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenditures (346,313) 2,235,670 1,114,836 (1,370,290) 1,633,5	002
over Expenditures (346,313) 2,235,670 1,114,836 (1,370,290) 1,633,9	,903
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Transfers in 980,735 - 1,317,989 2,298,7	,724
Transfers out - (1,317,989) - (1,317,989)	,989)
Net Financing Sources (Uses) 980,735 - (1,317,989) 1,317,989 980,7	735
Net i mancing sources (oses) 500,755 1,517,505 500,7	,733
Net Change in Fund Balances 634,422 2,235,670 (203,153) (52,301) 2,614,6	,638
Fund Balances - Beginning 30,198,727 2,320,244 2,534,327 1,310,322 36,363,6	,620
Fund Balances - Ending \$ 30,833,149 \$ 4,555,914 \$ 2,331,174 \$ 1,258,021 \$ 38,978,2	,258

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Orange County Department of Education(the County) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Orange County Department of Education, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position of the County.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for subrecipient expenditures, which are recorded on the cash basis. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Indirect Cost Rate

The County has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2021, the County did not report any commodities in inventory.

SEFA Reconciliation

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts consist primarily of COVID-19: Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act - One-time Stipend funds have been recorded in the current period as revenues that have not been expended as of June 30, 2021. These unspent balances are reported as legally restricted ending balances within the Child Development Fund.

	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/Federal CFDA Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues From the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances: COVID-19: Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental		\$ 54,796,081
Appropriations (CRRSA) Act - One-time Stipend	93.778	(224,358)
Total Federal Financial Assistance		\$ 54,571,723

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the County's boundaries, schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the County's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the County Office of Education and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the County Office of Education audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.



Independent Auditor's Reports June 30, 2021

Orange County Department of Education



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Superintendent of Schools and County Board of Education Orange County Department of Education Costa Mesa, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Orange County Department of Education, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Orange County Department of Education's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Orange County Department of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Orange County Department of Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Orange County Department of Education's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Orange County Department of Education's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Esde Saelly LLP

January 26, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Superintendent of Schools and County Board of Education Orange County Department of Education Costa Mesa, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Orange County Department of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Orange County Department of Education's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Orange County Department of Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Orange County Department of Education's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Orange County Department of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Orange County Department of Education's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Orange County Department of Education's complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Orange County Department of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Orange County Department of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Orange County Department of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Esde Saelly LLP

January 26, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

To the Superintendent of Schools and County Board of Education Orange County Department of Education Costa Mesa, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Orange County Department of Education's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, applicable to the state laws and regulations listed in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the state laws and regulations as identified in the table below.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance with state laws and regulations based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to below. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of the 2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements listed below has occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on state compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Compliance Requirements Tested

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the County's compliance with laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures Performed
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance and Distance Learning	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	No, see below
Instructional Time	No, see below
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	No, see below
Classroom Teacher Salaries	No, see below
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	No, see below
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION, AND CHARTER SCHOOLS	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No, see below
CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	Yes
Mode of Instruction	No, see below
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	Yes
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	Yes
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

The County's kindergarten students are retained using an Individualized Education Program based on the identified special needs; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Kindergarten Continuance.

The County was not required to meet the Instructional Time requirements; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Instructional Time.

The County was not required to meet the Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers requirement; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers.

The County was not required to meet the Classroom Teacher Salaries requirement; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Classroom Teacher Salaries.

The County did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program.

The County was not required to meet the K-3 Grade Span Adjustment requirement; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the K-3 Grade Span Adjustment.

The County does not offer an Apprenticeship Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Apprenticeship Program.

The County does not offer a District of Choice Program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures for the District of Choice Program.

The County does not have an Independent Study-Course Based Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Independent Study-Course Based Program.

The County does not have any Charter Schools with Mode of Instruction (classroom-based instruction); therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Mode of Instruction.

The County did not have any funding for the Charter School Facility Grant Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Charter School Facility Grant Program.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, Orange County Department of Education complied, in all material respects, with the laws and regulations of the state programs referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The purpose of this report on state compliance is solely to describe the results of our testing based on the requirements of the 2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Esde Saelly LLP

January 26, 2022



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2021

Orange County Department of Education

No

No

Unmodified

Federal Financial Assistance Listing/

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting

Material weakness identified

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs

Material weaknesses identified

No

Material weaknesses identified No Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for programs

Identification of major programs

State Compliance

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Federal CFDA Number	
Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, and 84.173A	
COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency	21.019	
Relief (ESSER) Fund COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency	84.425D	
Relief II (ESSER II) Fund COVID-19: Governor's Emergency Education Relief	84.425D	
Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation	84.425C	
COVID-19: CARES Act Supplemental Meal Reimbursement	84.425D	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A		
and Type B programs	\$1,637,152	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	

Financial Statement Findings Year Ended June 30, 2021

None reported.

Orange County Department of Education Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2021

None reported.

State Compliance Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2021

None reported.

Orange County Department of Education Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2021

There were no audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.